# **AGRI PICKS**

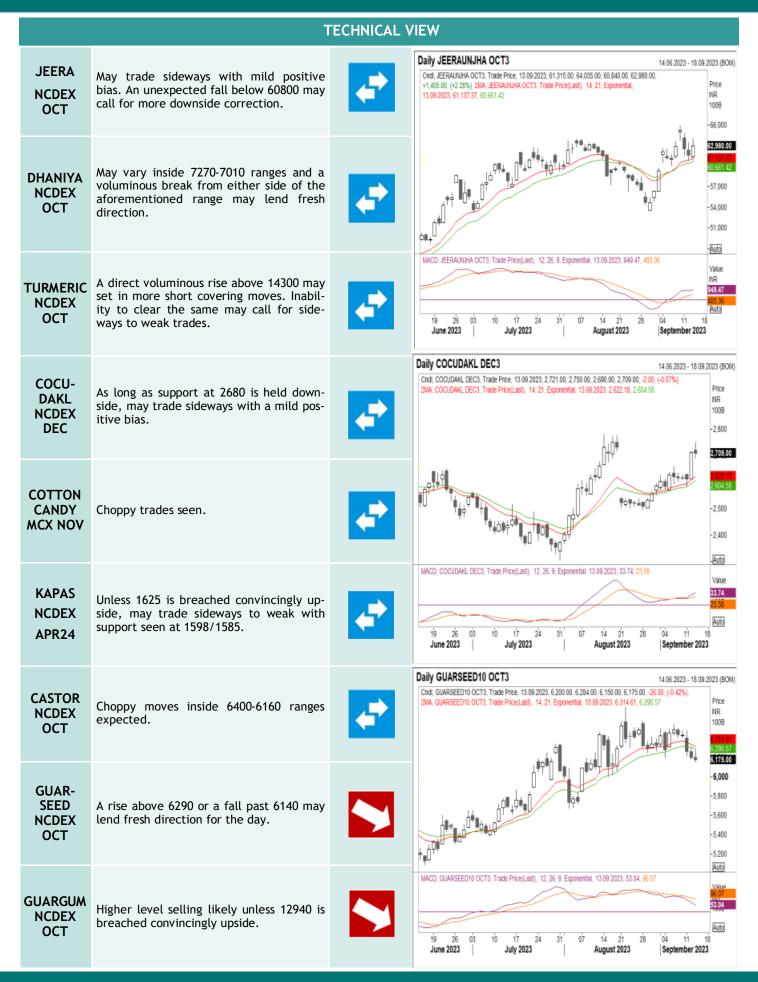
A Daily Report on Agriculture Commodities
14 September 2023



### MARKET NEWS/UPDATES

- India received 4.8 mm rainfall on Wednesday, 16% below the normal of 5.7 mm for the period, the IMD said today. Central India received 23% above normal rainfall on Wednesday at 7.6 mm. In east and northeast parts of the country, rainfall was 43% below normal at 5.8 mm. In the northwest, rainfall was 24% below normal at 2.8 mm, and in south peninsula, rainfall was deficient by 48% at 2.3 mm. Of the 36 subdivisions in the country, 18 received large deficient showers, while six got deficient rains. Seven subdivisions got normal precipitation, one received excess showers and four experienced large excess rainfall, according to the bureau's data. Since Jun 1, the country has received 707.1 mm rainfall, 10% below normal for the period.
- The US Department of Agriculture has cut its estimate on global oilseed output for 2023-24 (May-Apr) to 660.89 mln tn, down 2.8 mln tn from 663.7 mln tn forecast a month earlier. Production of oilseeds in the US in 2023-24 has been scaled down by 1.8 mln tn to 122.21 mln tn, according to the department's latest report. The department has projected global soybean output at 401.33 mln tn, down 1.5 mln tn from 402.79 mln tn in the earlier forecast. Soybean output of Brazil and Argentina have been projected at a record 163.0 mln tn and 48.0 mln tn, respectively, both unchanged from last month. The department has estimated soybean production in the US at 112.84 mln tn, down 1.6 mln tn from 114.45 mln tn projected last month. Brazil is the world's largest producer of soybean followed by the US and Argentina. "The US season-average soybean price is forecast at \$12.90 per bushel, up \$0.20 from last month. The soybean meal price is unchanged at \$380 per short ton and the soybean oil price is raised 1.0 cent to 63.0 cents per pound," the agency said in its report. The estimate for global soyoil production for 2023-24 has been cut by 0.4 mln tn to 61.61 mln tn from 61.96 mln tn projected in August. The forecast for global soyoil exports in 2023-24, however, has been marginally raised to 11.62 mln tn from 11.61 mln tn. The department projected global soymeal output for 2023-24 at 257.30 mln tn, down 1.4 mln tn from 258.66 mln tn estimated last month. Soymeal is a derivative of soybean, manufactured by crushing the oilseed, and is mainly used in producing poultry feed.
- The area under kharif crops across the country in the 2023-24 (Jul-Jun) season was at 108.9 mln ha as of Friday, compared with 108.8 mln ha a year ago, according to data from the Department of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare. The acreage of paddy, the key grain in the kharif season, was up 3% on year at 40.3 mln ha. Paddy sowing has picked up pace in the last few weeks, aided by rainfall across the country, especially in the east and northeastern parts. Central and south peninsula have also received adequate rainfall since the beginning of September after a poor monsoon in August. The weather department has projected that rainfall in September will be normal at 91-109% of the long-period average, with normal to abovenormal precipitation over east and northeast India and some areas of east-central and south peninsular regions. The area under coarse cereals was at 18.2 mln ha, slightly higher than 18.1 mln ha a year ago, ministry data showed. The area under oilseeds was down 1% at 19.1 mln ha, while pulses acreage fell 9% to 12.0 mln ha. Sowing of pulses has taken a hit this season because erratic rainfall in key growing regions made farmers shift to other remunerative crops such as soybean and small millets in hope of better returns. Soybean acreage in the country was 1% higher on year as of today, according to the data. Sowing of cotton fell 1% to 12.5 mln ha as of Friday, the data showed. Meanwhile, acreage under sugarcane was 8% higher at nearly 6 mln ha as of Friday, the data showed. There have been concerns that sugarcane production may suffer in India next season, and there will be shortage of sugar supply from the current season. However, the government has reiterated that the country has sufficient stocks of sugar, which will be enough to meet domestic demand. As for sunflower, sowing this kharif season was lagging by a whopping 65% as of Friday. Major sunflower growing states such as Maharashtra and Karantaka have received deficient precipitation so far this monsoon season, according to data from the India Meteorological Department. This has taken a major toll on sowing of the crop.
- The government of India, the Indian Sugar Mills Association, and the International Sugar Organisation have organised the India Sugar and Bio-Energy Conference on Sep 21-22 in New Delhi. Petroleum Minister Hardeep Singh Puri, Road Transport and Highways Minister Nitin Gadkari, and Food Minister Piyush Goyal will attend the conference, which is themed "Sugarcane Industry Driving the Green Economy". The conference will discuss bio-energy policies and regulation frameworks in view of sustainability and the future of mobility. "This conference will set new industry standards and is expected to draw 400 attendees," Aditya Jhunjhunwala, president of ISMA said in a press release. The two-day conference will detail global sugar supply and demand, trade flows, and growth in biofuels. Delegates from Brazil and Thailand will elaborate on changing trends and outlooks. "The world is keenly following India on its sugar production and diversification progress as well as the initiatives in the entire bio-energy and mobility space," said Jose Orive, executive director at the International Sugar Organisation. "The fact that the government is supporting this industry also makes it the right time for ISO (International Sugar Organisation) to get actively involved with the Indian sugarcane sector," Orive said in a press release. Policies on balancing India's sugar consumption, ethanol, and exports will also be highlighted. The conference will have insights from international firms like UNICA, DATAGRO, S&P Global Commodities, Czarnikow, Sugar Platform, and Wilmar Sugar. The panels would also have major industry players like Balrampur Chini, Shree Renuka Sugars, Dhampur Sugars, Harinagar Sugar, and Godavari.
- Karnataka has completed sowing of kharif crops across 6.8 mln ha, which is 83% of the targeted 8.2 mln ha, according to data from the state government. Farmers have sown paddy across 743,600 ha as of Sep 1, 70% of the targeted 1.1 mln ha, the data showed. As of Sep 1, the state has completed sowing food grain across 4.5 mln ha, against the target of 5.7 mln ha, while sowing of pulses was reported across 1.7 mln ha, against the targeted 2.2 mln ha. The state has sown cereals across 2.9 mln ha so far, 82% of the targeted 3.5 mln ha. The area under oilseeds, including groundnut, soybean, castor, and sunflower, was at over 796,000 ha. The targeted acreage is 984,000 ha. At 663,000 ha, the state has achieved 83% of the targeted cotton acreage of 800,000 ha. Sugarcane acreage was reported at 698,000 ha, exceeding the target of 620,000 ha.





TECHNICAL LEVELS												
Commodity	Exchange	Open*	High*	Low*	LTP*	<b>S</b> 3	<b>S</b> 2	S1	Pivot	R1	R2	R3
JEERAUNJHA OCT3	NCDEX	61315	64035	60840	62980	58007	59423	61202	62618	64397	65813	67592
TMCFGRNZM OCT3	NCDEX	13750	14098	13750	14050	13486	13618	13834	13966	14182	14314	14530
DHANIYA OCT3	NCDEX	7096	7242	7064	7146	6881	6973	7059	7151	7237	7329	7415
CASTORSEED OCT3	NCDEX	6308	6337	6290	6330	6254	6290	6301	6319	6348	6366	6395
GUARSEED10 OCT3	NCDEX	6200	6284	6150	6175	5988	6069	6122	6203	6256	6337	6390
GUARGUM5 OCT3	NCDEX	12670	12772	12451	12534	12078	12265	12399	12586	12720	12907	13041
MENTHAOIL SEP3	MCX	929.9	943.5	925.2	927.5	902	914	921	932	939	950	957
COCUDAKL DEC3	NCDEX	2721	2750	2690	2709	2623	2656	2683	2716	2743	2776	2803
KAPAS APR4	NCDEX	1617.0	1620.0	1602.0	1609.0	1583	1592	1601	1610	1619	1628	1637
COTTONCNDY NOV3	MCX	59360	61220	59360	60900	57907	58633	59767	60493	61627	62353	63487

Pivot Point: A predictive indicator of the market which is calculated as an average of significant prices from the performance of a market in the prior trading period. An open above the pivot point is generally considered bullish and vice versa.

S1, S2 & S3 are supports and R1, R2, and R3 are resistances from where a turnaround can be anticipated.

\*Open, High, Low and Close prices of previous trading day / ^Cottonseed Oil Cake

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Commodities	Exchange	Intraday	Medium	n term	RSI		Volatility	
Commodities		View	13 day EMA	22 day EMA	Condition	Trending	1 day	Annualised
JEERAUNJHA OCT3	NCDEX	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	Neutral	Weak	2.44%	38.8%
TMCFGRNZM OCT3	NCDEX	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Oversold	Strong	3.25%	51.6%
DHANIYA OCT3	NCDEX	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Neutral	Strong	1.19%	18.9%
GUARSEED10 OCT3	NCDEX	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Neutral	Strong	2.38%	37.8%
GUARGUM5 OCT3	NCDEX	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Neutral	Strong	2.68%	42.6%
CASTORSEED OCT3	NCDEX	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	Neutral	Strong	0.66%	10.4%
KAPAS APR4	NCDEX	FLAT/CHOPPY	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	Overbought	Strong	0.85%	13.5%
COTTONCNDY NOV3	MCX	NEGATIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	Neutral	Weak	0.71%	11.2%
COCUDAKL DEC3	NCDEX	FLAT/CHOPPY	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	Overbought	Strong	2.00%	31.8%
MENTHAOIL SEP3	MCX	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Neutral	Strong	2.20%	34.9%

Trading signals is prepared based on statistical analysis and is purely on technical indicators like exponential moving averages (EMAs), Relative strength Index (RSI) and stochastic, putting altogether provides an idea about intraday, short, medium and long term trend of the commodities. It also signals the risk of an investment in both agricultural and global commodities as well. Based on all listed indicators above, investors were able to fix a daily, near-term and long term trends. However, must be cautious especially for real-time intraday traders/jobbers.

### Trading Strategy based on EMA

Trading strategies mentioned in the report is mainly based on 3, 5, 13, 22, 45 & 60 days exponential Moving Averages. 3 and 5 day EMA has taken for developing Intraday trading strategy, 13 days and 22 days EMA for Short term and Medium term, while 45,60 days EMA for Long term. Here, we use EMAs for POSITIVE and NEGATIVE signals. POSITIVE signal is formed when a short-term moving average (eg: 30 day) crosses from below a longer-term average (eg: 60 day), which is considered bullish. Likewise, NEGATIVE signal is formed when a short-term moving average (eg: 30 day) crosses from above a longer-term moving average (eg: 60 day), which is considered bearish.

Annualised		Ratings	Risk %	Ratings	Risk %	Ratings	Risk %	Ratings	Risk %	Ratings
Volatility >	> 35%	Very High risk	27 to 34%	High risk	20 to 26%	Moderate risk	11 to 19%	Low risk	1 to 10%	Very Low risk

Source: Informist (Cogencis), Reuters, e-News , NCDEX, MCX, and other International exchanges.







Strong bias or bullish





Mild bullish bias



Mild bearish bias

Choppy with negative note



Choppy with positive note



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